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Sukhet's villagers trade waste for wellness, get free LPG refills

Villagers who provide 20 kg of cow dung and farmyard waste a day for vermicomposting receive free fuel in a novel project in Madhubani district of Bihar

AMARNATH TEWARY SUKHET (MADHUBANI)

BUGHT (MANDRAMN) While the rising prices of LPG cylinders are pushing refils out of reach for most people, especially in rural areas, bucking the trend is Mumi Devi, a mother of three sons and owner of three cows in Sukhet village in fhanjharpur block of Mad-hubani district in Bihar. Earlier, most of Mumi Devi's time was spent over an earthen stove in a corner of her house. Fired with

an earthen stove in a corner of her house. Fired with wood, crop waste and cow dung, the stove billowed noxious smoke into the house, leaving her ill and breathless. Every month she had to consult a local doctor or huffani (breathing) trouble.

trouble. Rampari Devi, in her six-ties, and her daughter-in-law Lalo Devi too had simi-lar stories of ill-health and visits to doctors. Though they had LPG connections, the rising cost of refills put the cleaner

cooking fuel out of reach. But not any more. In the last six months, the lives of these rural women has changed dramatically with the Sukket model that allows them to get their LPG cylinders refilled every two months in exchange for cow dung and the farmyard waste. The unique pro-gramme, which was lauded by Prime Minister Narendra Modi in his latest episode of 'Mann ki Badr on August 29. 'Mann ki Baat' on August 29, offers four-fold benefit to the villagers: it ensures a

the villagers: it ensures a pollution-free environment at home, waste disposal, monetary assistance for LPG cylinders and availabili-ty of organic fertiliser to the local farmers. Today the mud stoves of Sukhet lie abandoned.

Man on a mission Man on a mission The Sukhet model is an in-itiative by the Dr. Rajendra Prasad Central Agricultural University (RPAU) at Pusa in Samastipur district and the

brainchild of Vice-Chancel-lor Ramesh Chandra Srivas-tava, a vermicompost enthusiast. "I was quite impressed with the government's Ujja-wala Yojna to provide free LPG connections to people but I found out that in rural press neonels are not being areas people are not being able to refill LPG cylinders for two reasons: their economic condition and the pa-triarchal nature of society. I

triarchal nature of society. I mulled over the problem and later introduced this model, popularly known to-day as the Sukhet model for refiling their cylinders in ex-change for farmyard waste and cow dung," Dr. Srivasta-va told *The Hindu*. The agri scientist had ear-lier launched vermicom-posting to produce organic imanure in two unlikely set-tings – the temples of Baba Baidyanath Dham in Deogh-ar of Jharkhand and Garib-nath Temple of Muzaflara pur in Bibar – where flowers and leaves offered to the dei-



Energy boost: Women from Sukhet village have benefited the most from the waste to wealth scheme. • AMARNATH TEW.

ties are collected and com-

ties are collected and com-posted. Under the Sukhet model, two local workers visit hou-scholds that have cattle to collect cow dung and far-myard waste and bring it to a vermicomposting yard. "Any family which gives us 1,200 kgs of cow dung and wet garbage waste every two months gets their LPG gas cylinders refilled for free. Everyday, they have to

"However, out of total 44 households availing the Sukhet model facility, more than half are from the Yadav caste," said Ashutosh Yadav, a research fellow of RPAU, Pusa "The only problem is that AMARNATH TEWARY

"RPAU, Pusa is going to emulate the Sukhet model

phase," he added. The Suk-het panchayat consists of five villages – Sukhet, God-hanpur, Mazidi, Bisoul and Balliyari. The panchayat has 2,500 households and 7,000 voters and has mixed population of all castes and communities. in seven more places in Bi-har – East Champaran, West Champaran, Siwan, Saran, Gopalganj, Vaishali and Sa-mastipur," said Dr. Srivastva.

Scaling up "Our plan is to implement this Sukhet model in 16 dis-tricts of Bihar where KVK units are located under RPAU, Pusa. It will also gen-certs amplement for the lo-

donated 3.5 katha of his land to set up a bamboo-roofed vermicompost unit at the entrance to the vil-lage, just a kilometre off the National Highway 57. He has been appointed as superv-sor of the Sukhet model and gets a monthly salary of 700,608. Two other work-ers, who collect dung and farmyard waste from the households, are paid 9,600 each. each. "The villagers also purerate employment for the lo-cal youth and to make vil-

erate employment for the lo-cal youth and to make vil-lage soil mutrient self-sufficient," sidd Shankar Dha, assistant professor, soil sciences, at RPAU. On the sustainability of the model, Dr. Srivastava sidd: "Primarly I would sug-gest three points to be taken care of - treat it as micro in-dustry, consider the con-tract work kunder MGKREGA. (Mathama Gandhi National Rural Employment Guaran-tree Act) scheme and through CSR funds by indus-tries." Sumil Yadav, a villager, has

"The only problem is that only those households who have cattle to give us cow dung are able to benefit from the Sudket model," he pointed out. Along with Mr. Das and Mr. Yadav, two supporting staff, two drivers and a scientist from Pusa are en-gaged to make this model a "role model for other villag-es and panchayats in the State". "RPAU, Pusa is going to

meet the target of 20 kg of cow dung and garbage waste to avail the refill. Since February 4, 2021, as many as 44 households of this village are getting this facility while many more have evinced keen interest," said Sudhir Das, who is in charge of the Sukhet model and the Jhanj-harpur. Krishi Vişyan Ken-dra (KVK). "The target is to take this model to 100 hou-seholds of the village in first

meet the target of 20 kg of